

Aluminum Ornamental Fence Installation Instructions

Please read these

instructions thoroughly before attempting to install your Jerith fence. While installation of our fence is relatively easy, this instruction sheet should eliminate any guess work. If you have any questions or problems installing the fence, please call us weekdays at 1-800-344-2242 so that we may help you.

Materials Needed:

- Stakes
- String
- Measuring Tape
- Rubber Mallet

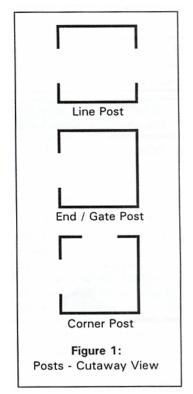
- Post Hole Digger
- Level
- Concrete Mix
- Drill with 1/8" bit

- Hacksaw
- Phillips Head Screwdriver
- 1/4" Hex-Head Driver

Before You Begin Installing Your Fence:

- Establish your fence line by staking out the area to be enclosed and attaching a guide string to the stakes. Make sure the fence is set back from the property line as required by local codes.
- Separate and identify your posts. There are three types of posts: Line, End/Gate, and Corner posts. The horizontal rails of the fence sections fit into the holes punched in the posts. Line posts have holes punched on opposite sides. Corner posts have adjacent sides punches End posts have holes on only one side. (See Figure 1.) A Gate post is the same as an End post but the post walls are twice as heavy to support the weight and latching of a gate.
- Drive the standard post caps onto the posts using a rubber mallet before setting
 the posts in concrete. This will prevent the posts from being knocked out of
 alignment after the concrete has been poured. Ball caps may be put on after the
 fence is installed.
- Gates and sections should be installed so that the bottom of the fence is about 2" - 3" above ground level. This will allow the grass under the fence to be easily trimmed.
- All screws in the fence sections and the posts should be installed on the same side (normally the inside) of the enclosed area for a neater appearance when you are done.
- When you need less than a full section to complete a line of fence, cut it to size using a hacksaw. Notch the cut ends of the horizontal rails so they will fit inside the post. Use a factory notch as a guide.
- Mix the concrete for the posts holes on the dry side to allow the posts to set faster and to give additional support when installing the fence sections. Use the chart on the right to determine the minimum post depth for your fence.

Caution: The concrete footings should extend below the frost line in areas where freezing of the ground can cause the posts to "heave". The posts themselves do not have to go below the frost line for proper installation.



Fence Height	Post Depth
36",42",48"	18"
60"	24"
54", 72"	30"
84"	36"
96"	42"

Fence Installation:

1. Install a pair of gate posts first. (If you don't have any gates, then start with an end or corner post.) Dig the post holes and set the posts into them. Fill the holes with concrete and tamp down around each post so the concrete

is about 2" below ground level. The gate will be attached after the concrete has set. The opening between the posts should equal the size of the gate that was ordered. (i.e.: a 48" gate fits into a 48" wide opening.)

Caution: The proper operation of the gate depends upon the correct installation of the gate posts.

Make certain that they are plumb.

- 2. Repeat this procedure for all other gate posts that are not in the same straight line of fence. Gates that are in the same line will be installed when the fence reaches their location.
- 3. After the gate posts are set, the first line of fence is installed. Dig up to 8 holes for the line posts along the fence line. If you reach an end or corner of the fence line, then dig the post hole where it's needed. Use the chart on the right to determine the proper center to center measurement of the holes based upon the type of Jerith fence you are installing.

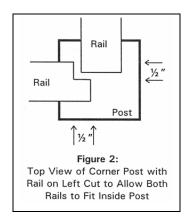
		Post Spacing
Fence Type	Post Size	- (on center)
Residential	2" sq.	72 ½"
Ovation	2" sq.	72"
Regency	2" sq.	95 5/8"
Industrial	2 ½" sq.	71 ½"

4. To install the fence, slide the horizontal rails of a section into the punched holes of the post installed in Step 1 as far as the notched end of the rail will allow. Place a line post into the next post hole, arid slide the line post onto the horizontal rails of the section as far as possible. Pour concrete around the line post. Check that the post is plumb and aligned with the guide string. Tamp it down to hold the post in position. Leave the concrete about 2" below ground level.

Note: Corner posts require the horizontal rails of one section to be specially cut to allow both sections to fit into the post. A ½" x ½" piece must he removed from the end of the rails. (See Figure 2.)

Caution: Make sure that the posts are parallel to the pickets in the sections' Otherwise; the installation will appear very sloppy.

- 5. When you have 6 8 sections installed, all the fence by sighting along the top horizontal rails. When correctly aligned, the rails will appear to be one continuous line. Also, the posts will appear to be one when viewed from the end of the fence line. Continue in this manner until all fence sections are installed.
- After the concrete has set, fasten the rails to the posts using the 1" self-drilling screws.



Caution: Do not over tighten the 1" screws - you can break them! If you use a powered hex-head driver, adjust the clutch to prevent the screws from marring the finish or denting the post.

7. Fill in the top of the post holes with dirt and grass so the fence will look like it's been there for years. Your fence installation is now complete!

Gate Installation:

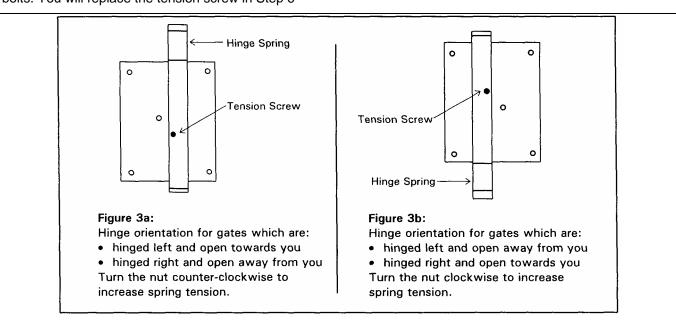
Once the concrete has set around the gate posts, you may then install the gates. Proper installation will result in approximately a /2" space between the gate and each of the gate posts.

- 1. Before fastening the hinges, decide how the gate will be mounted and how it will open. If the gate will be hinged on the left and open towards you, mount the hinges so that the hinge springs are on top. The springs must also be on top if the gate will be hinged right and open away from you. If you want the gate to open the other way, then the hinge springs must be on the bottom. (See Figures 3a and 3b.)
- 2. Attach the hinges to the gate using four of the #6 x ½" painted screws provided. Drill 1/8" pilot holes for these screws. Next, fasten each hinge to the gate post using six more screws. Mount one hinge near the top rail of the gate and the other near the bottom rail to distribute the weight of the gate evenly. Make sure the hinges line up with each other to prevent them from binding. The gate should now swing freely.

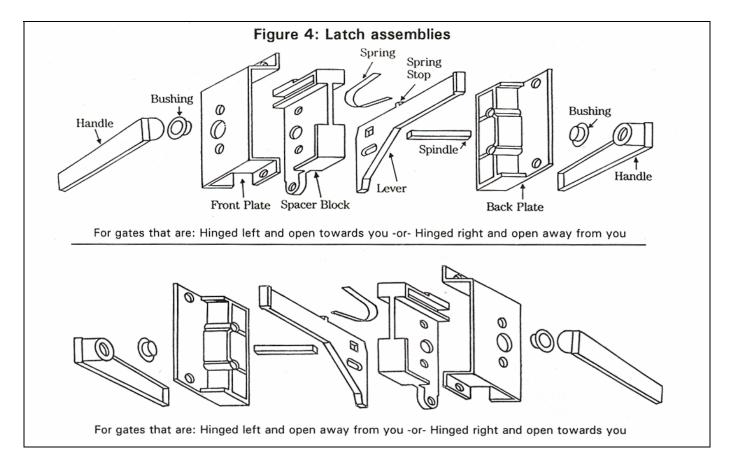
Caution: If the hinges are not in line with each other, the gate will not close by itself!

Note: If you are hanging a gate on a flat surface, such as a column, then remove the tension screw in the hinge and flatten the two large plates flush against your mounting surface. Use the proper lag bolts through the plates

(not provided) and into the wall. It may be necessary to enlarge the holes in the plates larger to accept these bolts. You will replace the tension screw in Step 6

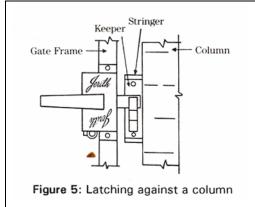


- 3. Next, assemble the latch. This can be confusing since the latch works for all gate swings in or out, left or right. Precede step by step, using Figure 4 on the next page as a guide.
 - a.) Place the spindle into a handle as far as it will go and attach it using the set screw.
 - b.) Slide a nylon bushing onto the spindle with the flat side against the handle.
 - c.) Place the spacer block into the front plate. The loop will extend out the bottom, while the top of the spacer block will fit into the square notch on the top of the front plate.
 - d.) Put the spindle through the large holes in the front plate and the spacer block. The Jerith logo should face out. The bushing fits into the large hole in the front plate.
 - e.) Point the lever in the opposite direction of the handle and put the lever's square hole onto the spindle. Push the lever in completely, so that the bottom tip extends below the front plate.
 - f.) Take the spring and push it through the small opening between the top of the spacer block and the top of the lever, with the ends of the spring facing out. Be sure to position the spring beyond the stop on the top of the lever.
 - g.) Push the two 1 3/4" machine screws all the way through the front plates. Put the entire assembly on the side of the gate.
 - h.) Place the back plate on the other side of the gate and tighten the 1 3/4" screws to attach the back to the front. The spindle goes through the hole in the back plate.
 - i.) Slide the other bushing onto the spindle with the flat end facing out so it fits snugly into the large hole in the back plate. Push the other handle onto the spindle and tighten the set screw.
- 4. Position the latch at a convenient height (or as required by local codes), drill 1/8" pilot holes, and use the four #6 x ½" painted screws to fasten the latch squarely in place on the side of the gate.



5. Close the gate against the latch post (or the other gate if a drive) and locate the keeper so that the lever rests ½"." above the bottom of the keeper. Push a latch down to ensure that the lever will clear the keeper. Attach the keeper using the two flat head screws provided.

Note: When latching the gate against a column or wall, use the small piece of 1" x 1" channel included to mount the keeper on the inside of the opening. Attach the keeper onto the side of the channel and fasten the entire assembly against the wall using lag bolts. You may need to cut the end of the lever to allow the gate to close and latch properly. (See Figure 5.)



Note: If the gate will be used with an operator or as part of a double drive gate, then remove the tension screw from the hinge, release the tension, and replace the screw. The tension screw must be attached to the hinge rod, even if there is no tension needed on the hinge.

Caution: There must be equal tension on both hinge springs for proper operation of the gate.

- 7. For double drive gates, the drop rods are installed last. Fasten a "guide" to the face of one gate frame near the center of the double gate. Place the other guide about halfway up the side of the gate. Insert the drop rod through these two guides and adjust them for smooth operation. Finally, mount the small "hook" to hold the rod in the "up" position. Make sure the drop rod clears the ground when the gate opens. Repeat this procedure for the other gate if desired.
- 8. Enjoy your Jerith gate!